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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/822,724	04/13/2004	Genichiro Matsuda	56937-113	3015
7590 05/31/2006			EXAMINER	
McDERMOTT, WILL & EMERY			CHUNG, PHUNG M	
600 13th Street, Washington, D			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2138	
		DATE MAILED: 05/31/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Cummon.	10/822,724	MATSUDA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Phung My Chung	2138				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	- action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/13;10/1/04;3/10/66	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te atent Application (PTO-152)				

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 7, lines 3-4, "the internal registers" does not have a clear antecedent basis.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

3. Claims 1 and 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yamashita (4,910,735).

As per claim 1, Yamashita disclose a semiconductor apparatus comprising:

A processor (42) having an instruction register inside thereof is inherent in the processor of Yamashita;

A pseudorandom number generating device (40); and

A switch over device (41), the switch-over device switching over between data input in normal operation and input the pseudorandom numbers from the pseudorandom number generating device in the test operation to thereby output the data or pseudorandom numbers to the instruction register of the processor. (Fig. 5, col. 5, lines 16-37 and col. 6, lines 3-23).

As per claims 5 and 6, this claim is rejected under similar rationale as set forth in

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claim 1.

As per claim 7, Yamashita further discloses a data compressing device (43) for compressing values in the internal register of the processor to thereby output the compressed data to outside.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claim 2, 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamashita (4,910,735) in view of Harwood et al (5,157,781).

Claim 3, Yamashita disclose a semiconductor apparatus comprising:

A processor (42) having an instruction register inside thereof is inherent in the processor of Yamashita;

A pseudorandom number generating device (40); and

A switch over device (41), the switch-over device switching over between data input in normal operation and input the pseudorandom numbers from the pseudorandom number generating device in the test operation to thereby output the data or pseudorandom numbers to the instruction register of the processor. (Fig. 5, col. 5, lines 16-37 and col. 6, lines 3-23). Yamashita does not disclose a scan shift controlling device for scan inputting the pseudorandom numbers from the pseudorandom number generating device...; and

Scan outputting data. However, Harwood et al disclose a scan shift controlling device for scan inputting the pseudorandom numbers from the pseudorandom number generating device...(Fig. 1, col. 3, line 35 to col. 4, line 65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to incorporate the scan shift controlling device as taught by Harwood et al into the pseudorandom number generating device of Yamashita for scan inputting the pseudorandom numbers from the pseudorandom number generating device and scan out a resultant pattern of the previous test.

As per claims 2 and 4, Harwood et al further disclose an instruction converting device (16) between the pseudorandom number generating device (18) and input switchover device.... (See Fig. 1, col. 3, lines 58-61 and col. 4, lines 25-37).

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phung My Chung whose telephone number is 571-272-3818. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Albert Decady can be reached on 571-272-3819. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Phung Nyly Chung

Primary Patent Examiner

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